

# 2N4403







# **PNP General Purpose Amplifier**

This device is designed for use as a general purpose amplifier and switch requiring collector currents to 500 mA.

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage	40	V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage	5.0	V
Ic	Collector Current - Continuous	600	mA
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup>These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.

2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

### **Thermal Characteristics**

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max		Units	
		2N4403	*MMBT4403		
P <sub>D</sub>	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	625 5.0	350 2.8	mW mW/°C	
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	83.3		°C/W	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	200	357	°C/W	

<sup>\*</sup>Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 1.6" X 1.6" X 0.06."

# PNP General Purpose Amplifier (continued)

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Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
OFF CHA	RACTERISTICS				
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage*	$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$	40		V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_E = 0$	40		V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 0.1 \text{ A}, I_C = 0$	5.0		V
I <sub>BEX</sub>	Base Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μΑ
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μΑ
ON CHAF	RACTERISTICS				
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	30		
		$I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	60		
		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}^*$	100 100	300	
		$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}^*$	20	300	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V
02(044)	Voltage*	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.75	V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}^*$	0.75	0.95	\ \ /
		I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA	0.73	1.3	V
	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS	I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA			
SMALL SI			200		MHz
	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS	$I_C$ = 500 mA, $I_B$ = 50 mA $I_C$ = 20 mA, $V_{CE}$ = 10 V, $I_C$ = 100 MHz $I_C$ = 0,			
f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub>	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \end{split}$		1.3	MHz
f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub>	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \end{split}$		8.5	MHz pF
f⊤	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \end{split}$	200	8.5 30	MHz pF pF
fr C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub>	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \end{split}$	200	8.5 30 15	MHz pF pF kΩ
fr C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>re</sub>	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ \end{split}$	200 1.5 0.1	8.5 30 15 8.0	MHz pF pF kΩ
fr C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>re</sub>	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} =$	200 1.5 0.1 60	8.5 30 15 8.0 500	MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
fr Ccb Ceb hie hre hfe	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ $	200 1.5 0.1 60	8.5 30 15 8.0 500	MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
fT Ccb Ceb hie hre hoe	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain  Output Admittance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} =$	200 1.5 0.1 60	8.5 30 15 8.0 500	MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
fr Ccb Ceb hie hre hfe	GNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain  Output Admittance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CB} &= 10 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ $	200 1.5 0.1 60	1.3 8.5 30 15 8.0 500 100	MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>

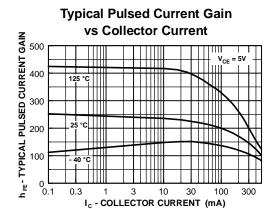
 $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15 \text{ mA}$ 

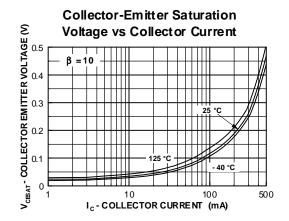
Fall Time

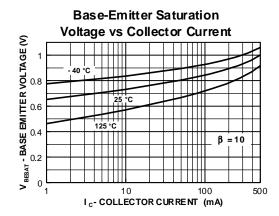
<sup>\*</sup>Pulse Test: Pulse Width £ 300 ms, Duty Cycle £ 2.0%

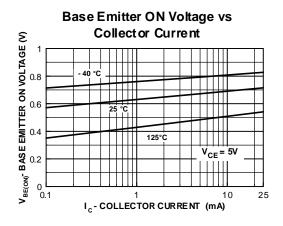
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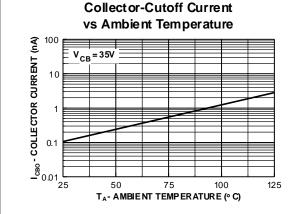
# **Typical Characteristics**

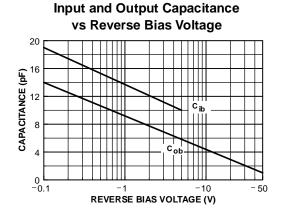








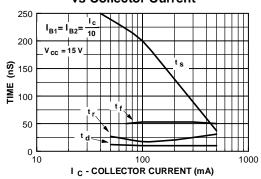




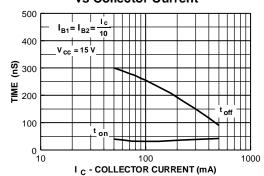
(continued)

# Typical Characteristics (continued)

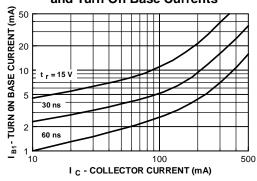
Switching Times vs Collector Current



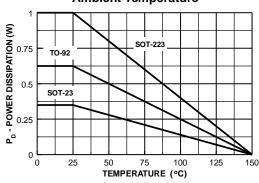
# Turn On and Turn Off Times vs Collector Current



Rise Time vs Collector and Turn On Base Currents

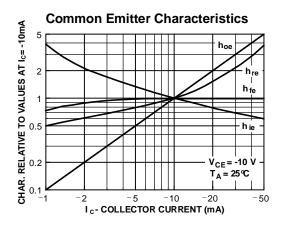


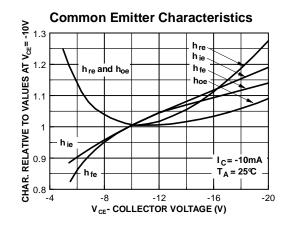
### Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

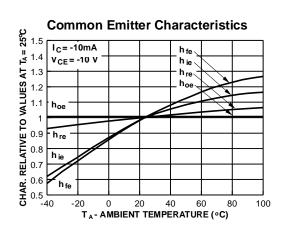


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# **Typical Common Emitter Characteristics** (f = 1.0kHz)







(continued)

# **Test Circuits**

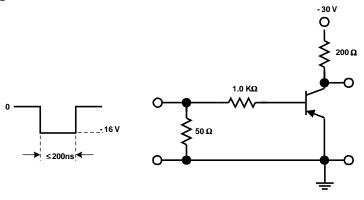


FIGURE 1: Saturated Turn-On Switching Time Test Circuit

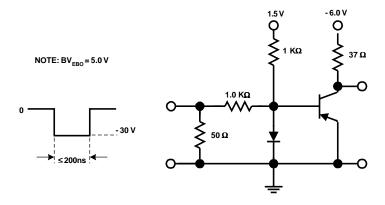


FIGURE 2: Saturated Turn-Off Switching Time Test Circuit

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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#### **Definition of Terms**

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
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Rev. H4